SPECIFICATION AMENDMENTS

In the specification, page 12, amend the paragraph beginning on line 12 as follows:

A 90°, outer corner, baseboard receptacle 32 is shown in Figures 5 and 6. Receptacle 32 includes a first receiver 33 and a second receiver 34, sized and configured to accommodate and cover the ends of respective pieces of molding 12 inserted therein before the molding 12 is attached to the wall 14. First receiver 33 includes a cavity 35 extending from an open outer end to an inner end. Cavity 35 has upper and lower boundaries defined by an upper lip 36 and a lower trough 37 and an inner wall 43 therebetween. Similarly, second receiver 34 includes a cavity 40 extending from an open outer end to an inner end. Cavity 40 has upper and lower boundaries defined by an upper lip 38 and a lower trough 39 and an inner wall 44 therebetween. Upper lips 36 and 38 include an upwardly inclined section extending to the wall and a vertical section extending downwardly along the wall. Lower troughs 37 and 39 include a horizontal section extending to the wall and a vertical section extending upwardly along the wall. Receivers 33 and 34 are mirror images of each other, with the inner ends of their respective cavities 35 and 40 meeting at a 90° outer corner juncture 45.

In the specification, page 13, amend the paragraph beginning at line 19 as follows:

It is apparent that through the use of such receptacles, the installer need not precisely

cut the molding pieces to be joined together to pass around corners. Nor do the cuts themselves have to be perfectly executed, since the ends of the pieces of molding are completely covered by the receptacles. Installation of the molding is easier, faster, and produces visual results which are aesthetically pleasing. Use of caulking to fill miter corners is entirely eliminated, and instead, a solid, perfectly formed corner is presented by every receptacle. Because the upper lip, the lower trough, and the inner wall of the outer ends of the first receiver and the second receiver are maintained in contingent relation with respective surfaces of the end portions of the molding or trim to be joined, the receptacle is secured in place against the wall without the use of fasteners or adhesives.